

Pot Coat Winter

Safety Data Sheet

according to 29 CFR § 1910.1200, Hazard Communication Standard (HCS)
Issue date: 10/28/2015 Revision date: 11/25/2025 Supersedes: 3/15/2023

SECTION 1 Identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture
Product name : Pot Coat Winter
CAS-No. : Mixture
Product code : 3279

1.2. Other means of identification

Other means of identification : Alumina-Silicate Wet Air Set Mortar-Slurry

1.3. Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Use of the substance/mixture : Refractory
Recommended use : Industrial use

1.4. Supplier's details

RHI Magnesita
425 South Salem Church Road
York, PA, 17408
United States
T 717-792-3611
[Resco SDS.TDS@rhimagnesita.com](mailto:Resco_SDS.TDS@rhimagnesita.com) - WWW.RescoProducts.com

1.5. Emergency phone number

Emergency number : EMERGENCY ONLY (CHEMTREC) USA & Canada 1-800-424-9300
Outside USA & Canada +1 703-741-5970

SECTION 2 Hazard Identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS US classification

Flammable liquid, Category 3	H226	Flammable liquid and vapor.
Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4	H302	Harmful if swallowed.
Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2B	H320	Causes eye irritation.
Carcinogenicity, Category 1A	H350	May cause cancer (After drying or heating, Inhalation).
Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure, Category 1	H370	Causes damage to organs.

Full text of H statements : see section 16

2.2. Label elements

GHS US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS US) :



Signal word (GHS US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS US) : H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H320 - Causes eye irritation

H350 - May cause cancer (After drying or heating, Inhalation).

H370 - Causes damage to organs.

Precautionary statements (GHS US) :

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges.

P260 - Do not breathe vapors, After drying or heating, dust.

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P280 - Wear eye protection, protective gloves, protective clothing.

P301+P312 - If swallowed: Call a POISON CENTER if you feel unwell.

P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P330 - Rinse mouth.

P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention.

P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.

2.3. Hazards associated with known or reasonably anticipated uses

No additional information available

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2.4. Hazards not otherwise classified

Other hazards which do not result in classification : Although methanol is practically non-toxic to animals, it is very toxic to humans.

2.5. Unknown acute toxicity

No additional information available

SECTION 3 Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS US classification
quartz	CAS-No.: 14808-60-7	10 – 30	Carc. 1A, H350
methanol	CAS-No.: 67-56-1	5 – 10	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal), H311 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation), H331 STOT SE 1, H370
sodium silicate, alkaline 1.6/2.6, 35%≤conc≤55%, aqueous solutions	CAS-No.: 1344-09-8	1 – 5	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2B, H320

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

SECTION 4 First aid measures

4.1. Description of necessary first-aid measures

First-aid measures general : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).
First-aid measures after inhalation : Allow affected person to breathe fresh air. Allow the victim to rest.
First-aid measures after skin contact : Gently wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
First-aid measures after eye contact : IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
First-aid measures after ingestion : Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain emergency medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Symptoms/effects after inhalation : After drying or heating. Danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation. May cause cancer by inhalation.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Causes skin irritation.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

4.3. Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

No additional information available

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Carbon dioxide. Dry powder.
Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream.

5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard : Flammable liquid and vapor. Contains methanol in excess of LEL. It is unlikely that combustion will be sustained due to high water and clay content.
Explosion hazard : Prolonged exposure to fire may cause containers to rupture/explode.

5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions : Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment.
Protection during firefighting : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

SECTION 6 Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Emergency procedures : If spilled, may cause the floor to be slippery.

For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.
Emergency procedures : Stop release.
Environmental precautions : Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

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6.2. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Plug the leak, cut off the supply.
Methods for cleaning up : Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect spillage.

See Heading 8, Exposure controls and personal protection

SECTION 7 Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid contact with skin.
Hygiene measures : Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Store in original container. Keep container closed when not in use.
Incompatible products : Strong bases. Strong acids.

SECTION 8 Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

methanol (67-56-1)

USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits

ACGIH® TLV® TWA	200 ppm
ACGIH® TLV® STEL	250 ppm

quartz (14808-60-7)

USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits

ACGIH® TLV® TWA	0.025 mg/m³ (Silica-Crystalline Quartz; USA; Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h; TLV - Adopted Value; Respirable fraction)
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USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits

Local name	Silica, crystalline quartz, respirable dust
OSHA PEL TWA	0.05 mg/m³ respirable dust
Remark (OSHA)	(3) See Table Z-3.

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Emergency eye wash fountains should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. After drying or heating. Dust on tear out. Provide adequate ventilation to minimize dust concentrations.

8.3. Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Personal protective equipment:

Avoid all unnecessary exposure.

Hand protection:

Wear protective gloves.

Eye protection:

Chemical goggles or safety glasses

Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing

Respiratory protection:

After air drying or heating. Dust on tear out. Wear appropriate mask

Other information:

Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid
Appearance	: Slurry.
Color	: light brown
Odor	: alcohol odor
Odor threshold	: No data available
pH	: > 10
Melting point	: > 2000 °F
Freezing point	: ≈ 20 °F
Boiling point	: No data available

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Flash point	: $\approx 120^{\circ}\text{F}$
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not flammable.
Vapor pressure	: No data available
Relative vapor density at 20°C	: No data available
Relative density	: ≈ 1.5
Solubility	: Moderately soluble in water.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	: No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Explosion limits	: No data available
Particle characteristics	: No data available

9.2. Data relevant with regard to physical hazard classes (supplemental)

No additional information available

SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Air Setting.

10.2. Chemical stability

Not established.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Not established.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

No additional information available

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids. Strong bases.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11 Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral)	: Harmful if swallowed.
Acute toxicity (dermal)	: Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation)	: Not classified

Pot Coat Winter (Mixture)

ATE US (oral)	500 mg/kg body weight
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sodium silicate, alkaline 1.6/2.6, 35%≤conc≤55%, aqueous solutions (1344-09-8)

LD50 oral rat	> 2000 mg/kg (Rat, Oral)
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methanol (67-56-1)

LD50 oral rat	1187 – 2769 mg/kg body weight (BASF test, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, 15-35 % aqueous solution, Oral, 7 day(s))
LD50 dermal rabbit	17100 mg/kg (Rabbit, Experimental value, Dermal)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	128.2 mg/l air (BASF test, 4 h, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Inhalation (vapours), 14 day(s))
ATE US (oral)	100 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	300 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (gases)	700 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	3 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	0.5 mg/l/4h

Skin corrosion/irritation	: Causes skin irritation. pH: > 10
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sodium silicate, alkaline 1.6/2.6, 35%≤conc≤55%, aqueous solutions (1344-09-8)

pH	11 – 13
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methanol (67-56-1)	
pH	No data available in the literature
quartz (14808-60-7)	
pH	6 – 7
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes eye irritation. pH: > 10
sodium silicate, alkaline 1.6/2.6, 35%≤conc≤55%, aqueous solutions (1344-09-8)	
pH	11 – 13
methanol (67-56-1)	
pH	No data available in the literature
quartz (14808-60-7)	
pH	6 – 7
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer (After drying or heating, Inhalation).
quartz (14808-60-7)	
IARC group	1 - Carcinogenic to humans
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
STOT-single exposure	: Causes damage to organs.
methanol (67-56-1)	
STOT-single exposure	Causes damage to organs.
STOT-repeated exposure	: Not classified
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified
methanol (67-56-1)	
Viscosity, kinematic	0.68 – 0.747 mm²/s
Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: After drying or heating. Danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation. May cause cancer by inhalation.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
SECTION 12 Ecological information	
12.1. Ecotoxicity	
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (acute)	: Not classified
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (chronic)	: Not classified
sodium silicate, alkaline 1.6/2.6, 35%≤conc≤55%, aqueous solutions (1344-09-8)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	210 mg/l (96 h, Brachydanio rerio, Pure substance)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	216 mg/l (96 h, Daphnia magna, Pure substance)
methanol (67-56-1)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	15400 mg/l (EPA 660/3 - 75/009, 96 h, Lepomis macrochirus, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Lethal)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	18260 mg/l (OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test, 96 h, Daphnia magna, Semi-static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Locomotor effect)
EC50 96h - Algae [1]	22000 mg/l (OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Growth rate)
12.2. Persistence and degradability	
Pot Coat Winter (Mixture)	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.

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sodium silicate, alkaline 1.6/2.6, 35%≤conc≤55%, aqueous solutions (1344-09-8)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability: not applicable.
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	Not applicable
ThOD	Not applicable
BOD (% of ThOD)	Not applicable
methanol (67-56-1)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in the soil, Readily biodegradable in water.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.6 – 1.1 g O ₂ /g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.4 g O ₂ /g substance
ThOD	1.5 g O ₂ /g substance
quartz (14808-60-7)	
Persistence and degradability	Not applicable.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	Not applicable
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	Not applicable
ThOD	Not applicable
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
Pot Coat Winter (Mixture)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.
sodium silicate, alkaline 1.6/2.6, 35%≤conc≤55%, aqueous solutions (1344-09-8)	
Bioaccumulative potential	No bioaccumulation data available.
methanol (67-56-1)	
BCF - Fish [1]	1 – 4.5 (72 h, Cyprinus carpio, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-0.77 (Experimental value)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).
quartz (14808-60-7)	
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available.
12.4. Mobility in soil	
sodium silicate, alkaline 1.6/2.6, 35%≤conc≤55%, aqueous solutions (1344-09-8)	
Ecology - soil	No data available.
methanol (67-56-1)	
Surface tension	No data available in the literature
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	-0.89 – -0.21 (log Koc, Calculated value)
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.
12.5. Other adverse effects	
Ozone	: Not classified
Effect on the global warming	: None known
Fluorinated greenhouse gases	: No
Other information	: Avoid release to the environment.
SECTION 13 Disposal considerations	
Product/Packaging disposal recommendations	: Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations.
SECTION 14 Transport information	
In accordance with DOT / TDG / IMDG / IATA	
14.1. UN number	
UN-No. (DOT)	: UN1993
UN-No. (TDG)	: Not applicable
UN-No. (IMDG)	: Not applicable
UN-No. (IATA)	: Not applicable
14.2. UN Proper Shipping Name	
Proper Shipping Name (DOT)	: Flammable liquids, n.o.s.
Proper Shipping Name (TDG)	: Not applicable
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG)	: Not applicable
Proper Shipping Name (IATA)	: Not applicable
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
DOT	
Transport hazard class(es) (DOT)	: 3
Hazard labels (DOT)	: 3

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TDG

Transport hazard class(es) (TDG) : Not applicable

IMDG

Transport hazard class(es) (IMDG) : Not applicable

IATA

Transport hazard class(es) (IATA) : 3 (6.1)

Hazard labels (IATA) : 3, 6.1



14.4. Packing group

Packing group (DOT) : III

Packing group (TDG) : Not applicable

Packing group (IMDG) : Not applicable

Packing group (IATA) : II

14.5. Environmental hazards

Other information : No supplementary information available.

14.6. Transport in bulk

Not applicable

14.7. Special precautions for user

DOT

UN-No. (DOT) : UN1993

DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102) : B1 - If the material has a flash point at or above 38 C (100 F) and below 93 C (200 F), then the bulk packaging requirements of 173.241 of this subchapter are applicable. If the material has a flash point of less than 38 C (100 F), then the bulk packaging requirements of 173.242 of this subchapter are applicable.

B52 - Notwithstanding the provisions of 173.24b of this subchapter, non-reclosing pressure relief devices are authorized on DOT 57 portable tanks.

IB3 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1 and 31HA2, 31HB2, 31HN2, 31HD2 and 31HH2). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized, except for UN2672 (also see Special Provision IP8 in Table 2 for UN2672).

T4 - 2.65 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(3)

TP1 - The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: Degree of filling = $97 / 1 + a (tr - tf)$ Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, and tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling.

TP29 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 1.5 bar (150.0 kPa) may be used provided the calculated test pressure is 1.5 bar or less based on the MAWP of the hazardous materials, as defined in 178.275 of this subchapter, where the test pressure is 1.5 times the MAWP.

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 150

DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 203

DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 242

DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27) : 60 L

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75) : 220 L

DOT Vessel Stowage Location : A - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel.

TDG

No data available

IMDG

No data available

IATA

Special provision (IATA) : A104, A113

PCA Excepted quantities (IATA) : E2

PCA Limited quantities (IATA) : Y341

PCA limited quantity max net quantity (IATA) : 1L

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PCA packing instructions (IATA) : 352
PCA max net quantity (IATA) : 1L
CAO packing instructions (IATA) : 364
CAO max net quantity (IATA) : 60L
ERG code (IATA) : 3L

SECTION 15 Regulatory information

15.1. Federal regulations

Pot Coat Winter (Mixture)

Note This information must be included in all SDS's that are copied and distributed for this material.

Commercial status of components according to the United States Environmental Protection Agency's Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA):

Name	CAS-No.	Listing	Commercial status	Flags
sodium silicate, alkaline 1.6/2.6, 35%≤conc≤55%, aqueous solutions	1344-09-8	Present	Active	
methanol	67-56-1	Present	Active	
quartz	14808-60-7	Present	Active	

methanol (67-56-1)

Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313

CERCLA RQ 5000 lb

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

No additional information available

EU-Regulations

No additional information available

National regulations

quartz (14808-60-7)

Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

15.3. State regulations

Pot Coat Winter (Mixture)

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Other information	This product can expose you to chemicals including quartz, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer, and methanol, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov
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Component	State or local regulations
methanol(67-56-1)	U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
quartz(14808-60-7)	U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

SECTION 16 Other information

according to 29 CFR § 1910.1200, Hazard Communication Standard (HCS)

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Other information : Report language name. English. In the event of any conflict between English and other language versions, the English version shall prevail.

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor
H301	Toxic if swallowed
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H311	Toxic in contact with skin
H315	Causes skin irritation
H320	Causes eye irritation
H331	Toxic if inhaled
H350	May cause cancer.
H370	Causes damage to organs.

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), USA

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